

CORNERSTONE IS LAID

Elks Dedicate Foundation of Their New Home.

NOT BOTHERED BY THE RAIN

Ex-Senator George L. Wellington Delivers the Principal Address. Members of Lodge March to the Site Where Formal Ceremonies Are Held—Exalted Ruler Presides.

Several hundred Elks, their relatives and friends, attended the laying of the corner stone of the new home of the Washington Lodge, No. 15, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, late yesterday afternoon at 919 H street. The fact that a drizzling rain prevailed at the time, did not hamper the enthusiasm of those taking an active part, as well as those in the audience, in the least.

The keynote and the sentiments of the occasion were sounded when George L. Wellington, former United States Senator from Maryland, and an active member of the Cumberland lodge, the principal speaker of the afternoon, referred to the new structure, not as a great temple, nor as that of a building of great magnificence, but simply as a home—the home of the Elks of Washington and their brother lodge members of the whole country.

"The purpose of this gathering today is to dedicate and lay the foundation of a building—a home—that shall be the pride of Washington and the people of the United States," said the former Senator.

Home for All Elks.

"There is no word, or words, in the English language that can properly express the meaning, the realization, and the hope, of that simple word, 'home.' Washington is to be a great city, one of the greatest in the world, and the building that we are here to begin today shall stand as a monument, as a pride—as a home—of the local lodge men and the Elksdom of the country who shall pilgrimage here from time to time."

Senator Wellington was most patriotic in his address, and referred to the greatness of the nation and its future. "The greatness of our people has a population of some 80,000,000 now," he said. "Within the next century the 'United States' will be the home of more than 100,000,000 people. And this building will always be one of the homes of the members of this benevolent and protective order."

Headed by a section of the Marine Band, the members of the lodge marched from the headquarters, in E street, to the site of the new home, only a few blocks away. It was nearly 6 o'clock when the procession arrived and the ceremonies began.

Opening of Ceremonies.

The officers gathered on the platform that had been erected, while in front and on both sides of the street were the people, who had congregated to witness the depositing of the corner stone of another building which is to be among Washington's finest. A prayer by Chaplain Warren L. Pugh began the exercises. Following the records to be deposited in the stone were read by Secretary Richard A. O'Brien.

With a short address appropriate to the occasion, and sprinkling the granite with drops of pure water—a custom of years standing among the Elks—Hugh F. Harvey, the exalted ruler of the Washington Lodge, spread the mortar on the foundation, the corner stone was lowered by the workmen, and the principal speaker of the new home was laid for the building that is to be erected over and around it.

There were several selections by the Elks' choir, accompanied by the Marine Band, and the address of Senator Wellington. To the strains of the "Star Spangled Banner" the entire audience standing with heads uncovered in spite of the rain, the exercises were brought to a close.

Those in Charge.

The building committee is composed of the following: Richard A. O'Brien, chairman; M. G. McCormick, Lorenzo A. Bailey, Robert M. McWade, Frank B. Clarkson, Charles H. Urmehue, P. T. Moran, Edward J. Murphy, Edward H. Neumeier, Jr., A. D. Marks, and John C. Maxwell.

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OLIVER NOTIFIES STATES.

Calls Attention to New Requirements Regarding the Militia.

Gen. Robert Shaw Oliver, acting Secretary of War, has sent a circular letter to the governors of the States and Territories and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia impressing upon them the necessity of conforming to the militia act of January 21, 1903, in order to permit them to share in the benefits of the \$2,000,000 annual appropriation for the support of the organized militia.

The requirement is that the "organization, armament, and discipline of the organized militia in the States, Territories, and District of Columbia shall be the same as that which is now or may hereafter be prescribed for the regular and volunteer armies of the United States within five years from the date of approval of this act."

Gen. Oliver reminds the governors and Commissioners that the requirement goes into effect on January 21, 1908, and that "it consequently becomes their duty to take the necessary steps to secure such conformity in organization by the militia named."

The Secretary suggests the enactment of certain legislation "providing the necessary measure of conformity."

RULER OF ELKS.



Hugh F. Harvey Spread the mortar on foundation stone of new home.

"SHOW ME" CADETS SHOWN

University of Missouri Military Corps See the City.

Battle with the Ancient Jests Associated with Their State and Depart for Jamestown.

Two hundred and eight-eight students of the University of Missouri, comprising the cadet corps of that institution, took the National Capital by assault yesterday morning, stacked their arms in the National Guard Armory, looted the town of its interesting sights, and evacuated in the afternoon, embarking on the Norfolk for the Jamestown Exposition.

The seizure of the city and its brief period of military occupation were quietly conducted, the majority of the citizens were unaware of its occurrence. For this the weather may be blamed, as the visiting cadets had planned to parade the streets with their large and excellent band, dallying with ragtime as only a Missouri band can handle that commodity. As it was, the cadets kept their new instruments under cover, and the cadets scattered about the city at will, different groups taking in the show places at different times, but all under orders to report at the armory at exactly 4:45 o'clock.

It was well for the discipline of the corps that a man was laid to his post after an exciting day's brush with "Looking at Washington" automobiles and department buildings.

Everywhere the cadets were greeted with that ancient jest about it being necessary to demonstrate to a Missouri. Car conductors, motormen, policemen, public building guards and guides, and the owners of the principal hotels, all sprang the "show me" wince at every opportunity. The visitors took it good-naturedly and smiled courteously at every repetition of the time-worn gag.

Only once was there an outbreak of feeling on the subject—when the Treasury Department guide showed a group of cadets the vaults and told them that \$44,444,444,111,111,111 in gold lay there. "Say," drawled one of the young visitors, "how've been banking us that show-me gag all day. I'll bite this time. I'm from Missouri, and you'll have to show me."

The cadets are in charge of their military instructor, Capt. Joseph Frazier, of the Fourth United States Infantry, who is detailed at the university as professor of military science and tactics. Capt. Guy L. Noyes, assistant surgeon of the Missouri National Guard, is the 26th member of the visiting delegation. The legislature of their State recently appropriated \$10,000 to defray the expenses of the trip, and the grateful cadets are looking to it that they get their money's worth.

CRUISER OUT OF COMMISSION.

Albany Replaces the Boston, Which Is to Be Overhauled.

The protected cruiser Boston, which recently returned from Pacific Central American waters, where she took part in the peace negotiations between Salvador and Nicaragua, has been placed out of commission at the Puget Sound Navy Yard, where she will be thoroughly overhauled and repaired. The protected cruiser Albany, which has been undergoing repairs and general overhauling at that navy yard, has been placed in commission again, to take the place of the Boston in the Pacific squadron.

Orders were issued at the Navy Department yesterday for the two new training ships, Intrepid and Cumberland, to be placed in commission. They are sister ships, of 1,800 tons displacement, the former being constructed at the Mare Island Navy Yard and the latter at the Boston Navy Yard. The Intrepid has been assigned to duty at the training station at Yerba Buena, Cal., while the Cumberland has been assigned to the Newport (R. I.) training station.

STORAGE

Over sixteen years' experience in storing, moving, packing, and shipping the better sort of household furniture and art objects, including valuable and fragile articles of all kinds.

A warehouse of absolutely fireproof construction, kept scrupulously clean and equipped in every way possible to lessen labor and decrease risk to the goods received for storage.

Cold Storage Safe Deposit Vaults Security Storage Company

WAREHOUSEMEN, PACKERS, AND FORWARDING AGENTS.

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NO FEARS OF JAPAN

Only "Yellow Peril" Worrying Is Saffron Press.

DEPLORE RABID EDITORIALS

Inflammatory Articles Published in Both America and Japan Regarded by the Administration as More Dangerous Than Any Other Factor. Agitation Attributed to Politics.

The administration is convinced that the relations between Japan and the United States will continue to be cordial unless newspaper agitation in this country and Japan ultimately succeeds in working up a condition of ill feeling that must lead inevitably to misunderstanding and distrust. In "yellow journalism" lies the greatest danger to the maintenance of friendship that has existed so long between the two governments and the Japanese and the American people, according to the opinion expressed in official circles.

The administration is helpless, of course, in its desire to prevent incendiary editorials and news dispatches, or to stop the inflammatory utterances of mischief makers, but it feels that a patriotic press by silence or moderation can do much to prevent a wholly unnecessary state of feeling that is fraught with danger.

The administration cannot make a formal appeal to the press to observe moderation without appearing to recognize that the relations between Japan and the United States are not satisfactory. Such an appeal might lead to misunderstanding in Japan, as well as in this country, particularly among the anti-American and anti-Japanese agitators. It is maintained in the highest official quarters, and there is not the slightest reason to doubt the honorability of the declaration, that the relations between the two governments are cordial, and that there is no disposition on either side to disturb them.

Might Induce Public. The officials do not overlook the fact, however, that exaggeration of unimportant incidents by unthinking or designing agitators may create a popular sentiment in either or both countries detrimental to the maintenance of international harmony.

In a fair, considerate, and patriotic press the administration sees the greatest hope of keeping alive the mutual respect and admiration that has become a tradition in the dealings of Japan and the United States.

Among the highest officers of the government there is apparently the warmest feeling of friendship for Japan and the Japanese. One of these said yesterday that the attitude of the Japanese government had been entirely correct and that no fault was to be found with the importance of the recent anti-Japanese disturbances in San Francisco. This country, he said, had experienced just such political agitations as Japan was experiencing.

Fifty years ago the American people had been as sensitive of foreign criticism as the Japanese are now, and he recalled the uproar in America over the reflections upon American life and character contained in the "Amur Notes" and "Martin Chuzzlewit." Nowadays, he said, such criticisms were met with humorous responses in press and verse, and nobody wanted to fight the country whence they emanated. Some of the Japanese people, it was contended, were passing through a similar experience, and in time would come to realize that a few Americans who were anti-Japanese in sentiment did not represent the views of the great mass of this country's population.

Attributed to Politics.

The government believes that it understands the reason for the anti-American propaganda in Japan. It attributes the agitation to politics against the party in power. There are demagogues in Japan as in America, and the Roosevelt administration, with a keen remembrance of the attacks made upon it in the halls of Congress, has a fellow-feeling of sympathy for the government of Japan.

It was said yesterday in official circles that the assaults on the Japanese ministry by its political opponents were not nearly as severe as some of the attacks on the present administration, and, furthermore, the criticisms of the United States in Japan were no more savage than the charges against Japan in the United States. When the San Francisco school question was an issue.

There is a greater feeling of easiness in official circles over the situation. It is believed that the Japanese government understands the attitude of the United States, and that every effort will be made to provide protection for Japanese subjects in this country and otherwise observe treaty obligations. In the meantime, however, no effort will be made to negotiate the proposed treaty between the two countries. To do so while the anti-American agitation is rampant in Japan would be unwise, it is asserted.

Declared in San Francisco. Not only does the administration deprecate the Japanese war talk, but it is represented that the more thoughtful people of San Francisco, which is the hot-bed of such anti-Japanese feeling as there is in this country, are deprecating the war talk. The relations of the United States and Japan are being strained to the breaking point.

Ex-Mayor James D. Phelan, of San Francisco, who called at the White House yesterday, said: "If the recent outbreak at San Francisco is to be taken as the basis for international disturbance, we will have to have all our labor troubles settled by the Mikado. There was no outbreak; there is no race war in San Francisco. Two labor unions were patronizing a Japanese restaurant. Other labor men questioned their loyalty of eating in a nonunion shop. The anger was directed against the offending labor men, not against the Japanese."

"We in San Francisco consider that the present temper is nothing more than Japanese politics. The outs in Japan are trying to make politics out of the San Francisco trouble, and in that way are trying to get the assistance of the President, who have solved the Chinese question. Their numbers are gradually diminishing. With the assistance of the President, we have partially solved the Japanese question."

Above all, he said that the Japanese must not be given citizenship, and expressed an opinion that the President had receded from his demand for naturalization of this race.

President Returns Home. The President and Mrs. Roosevelt, and the party which accompanied them on their visit to the Jamestown Exposition, returned to Washington yesterday morning.

Before the Cabinet convened for its regular meeting, at 10 o'clock, the President received a number of visitors and disposed of some routine correspondence. Yesterday's meeting of the Cabinet will probably be the last until the end of the first week in October.

Mrs. Roosevelt gave a theater party at the National last night for her sister, Mrs. Cowles, wife of Admiral Cowles, Capt. and Mrs. More and Capt. and Mrs. Gilmore were the other guests who occupied the Presidential box.

SHRINERS' OUTING DELAYED.

Almas Temple Nobles Will Wait for Fairer Weather.

On account of uncertain conditions of the weather, the Almas Temple Nobles of the Mystic Shrine have postponed their outing to Chesapeake Beach, which was to have taken place to-day. Announcement of the date will be given by Potentate Frank A. Sebring.

TO CELEBRATE SANTIAGO DAY.

Army and Navy Union Preparing Elaborate Programme for Event.

Arrangements for what will probably be the most elaborate celebration of "Santiago Day" ever held in this city were begun at the meeting of the national convention committee of the Army and Navy Union in G. A. R. Hall last night. No definite programme was decided upon, but a number of interesting features were proposed, such as a sham attack on a blockhouse by a company of national guardsmen, under command of Capt. Sayres, to take place at Luna Park, on July 17.

A campaign is also considered, around which the Spanish War Veterans and many former soldiers of all wars will gather and listen to speeches and war songs.

A delegation will go to the Chamber of Commerce and ask that the body help in the proceedings. The following represent the convention committee: Walter Mitchell, chairman; R. C. Gaither, secretary; T. E. Lee, G. L. Snyder, W. T. Conway, C. W. Blush, Frank Coleman, Lemuel Fugitt, Oliver Preston, M. R. Kubatz, W. C. Collier, E. A. Roberts, and William Hickey.

PRESIDENT SENDS FLOWERS

Funeral of Melvin L. Cleveland to Be Held To-day.

Remains of Young Naval Reserve Will Be Taken to Connecticut for Burial.

President Roosevelt and many others have sent floral offerings to the parents of Melvin L. Cleveland, the boy who was drowned last fall near Blackstone Island, and whose body was only brought to Washington yesterday. The President also sent a letter of condolence.

Funeral services will be held at the Cleveland home, 48 Florida avenue, this afternoon, at 4 o'clock. The body will be taken to New Britain, Conn., for burial. The parents of the boy returned from Palmer's Station yesterday afternoon, where they went to identify the body on Sunday. By means of the clothing and marks on the body the identification was made possible.

Young Cleveland, who was a member of the naval battalion of the District of Columbia, and who was drowned November 23, was employed in the Agricultural Department, and his former associates sent flowers and will attend the service this afternoon. The body was found Saturday. He was also a member of the Bloomingdale Club. A committee from this organization has been appointed to attend the funeral.

The body will be taken to New Britain, leaving Washington to-morrow morning. The burial will take place Friday. Young Cleveland was a native of Connecticut. The parents and other relatives will accompany the body to its last resting place.

FUNERAL OF R. B. THOMPSON.

Remains Laid to Rest in Oak Hill Cemetery.

Funeral services over the remains of Robert Bowie Thompson, whose death occurred last Friday, were held Monday morning at the Pro-Catholic Church of the Ascension, by Rev. Clement Brown, rector, assisted by Rev. Dr. Packard, of Rockville. The vested choir sang. The pallbearers were R. A. C. Magruder, J. G. Owen, R. L. Miller, J. W. Boyle, Elton Young, and Henry G. Thomas. Interment was in Oak Hill Cemetery.

Mr. Thompson's death came as a great shock to his family and friends. He had been at his home at Gaithersburg, Md., for several weeks, but his illness was not thought to be serious. Thursday his condition became such as to alarm his family, and he was taken to the George Washington University hospital, where he died.

He is survived by his mother, two sisters, Mrs. Fisher and Miss Thompson, of Gaithersburg, and two brothers, Rev. Enoch M. Thompson, assistant rector of the Pro-Catholic Church, and William Thompson, a student at St. John's College, Annapolis, all of whom were with him when he died.

Dies on Transport Sherman.

Information was received at the War Department yesterday that William G. Porter, a clerk in the Quartermaster's Department, died May 24 on the transport Sherman while that vessel was on her way from the Philippines to San Francisco. He was well known in this city, being a nephew of Admiral D. D. Porter, and a son of Commodore William D. Porter. He was for many years a clerk in the War Department, and also saw service in the Philippines and in Cuba. He leaves a widow, who was formerly Miss Mollie Layton, a clerk in the Treasury Department.

Death of Allen Monroe Shepard. Allen Monroe Shepard, formerly president of Hillsdale College, Michigan, and for the past twenty-seven years a clerk in the Bureau of Pensions, died Sunday at his home, 2118 Eighteenth street, after a lingering illness. Mr. Shepard was born in Chautauque County, N. Y., in 1839. At the outbreak of the civil war he joined a New York regiment, and with the return of peace located in the North. His widow, a daughter, Mrs. Crosby, of Duluth, Minn., and two adopted daughters survive him.

Burial of Confederate Veteran. Arthur Ludewitzki, a former member of the Louisiana "Tigers," who died on Saturday, was buried yesterday in Mount Olivet Cemetery in a casket covered with a Confederate flag, which waved over the Irish corps during the civil war. The body was laid in the undertaking establishment of Hindle & Bayless, and were conducted by Rev. Father Boone, of the Church of the Holy Comforter.

DEATH RECORD.

Jennie Maynard, The Graton, 56 years. Laura V. Leebach, 193 O st. w., 68 years. Charles B. Sykes, 104 M st., 58 years. Agnes Hodges, Home for Invalids, 73 years. Jacob Rober, Providence Hosp., 79 years. James H. Webster, 23 W. 8 st., 81 years. Arthur Ludewitzki, 672 Pa. ave. n. w., 65 years. Walter L. Coffman, Emergency Hosp., 2 months. Regina M. Spencer, 192 Md. ave. s. w., 2 months. Joseph James, 69 M st. n. w., 71 days. John Powell, 109 15th st. n. e., 1 day. Infant of George W. and Pearl E. Curtis, 314 Jackson st., Anacostia, 3 hours.

COLORED.

Albert Peters, 118 Beining road, D. C., 17 years. Infant of George and Fannie Calk, 413 O st. n. w., 18 days.

Former Patent Office Clerk Dead. George E. Morse, formerly of this city, died in New York Monday after a short illness. Mr. Morse was a patent business in the metropolis, which position he took after resigning from the Patent Office here. A wife and one child survive him. The funeral services will be held in Oak Hill Chapel at 11 o'clock this morning.

PEDRO Domecq's Palido Sherry, 60c full qt. Amoroso Sherry, 75c full qt. They're excellent in quality. Above competition. Sole distributor.

Christian Xander's, Quality, 909 7th St. Phone M. 27. No branch houses.

HOLCOMB LIVED HERE

News of Tragedy Is Broken Gently to Middy's Father.

GRADUATE OF LOCAL SCHOOL

Naval Officers Show Keen Interest in Norfolk Accident—With Machinery Disabled, Launch May Have Drifted to Sea or Shipped Water and Sunk—Theories Advanced.

Thomas Holcomb, the father of Midshipman Franklin P. Holcomb, received a telegram from Capt. Hugo Osterhaus, commanding the cruiser Connecticut, last night, to the effect that it was feared that the boy was one of those who were missing, together with the others in the Minnesota's steam launch at Hampton Roads. The message states that the search is still being carried on.

Mr. Holcomb is employed in the Comptroller's office of the United States Treasury. His home is at 1740 Eleventh street, but he is living temporarily at 3028 Wisconsin avenue. Mrs. Holcomb, the boy's mother, and her daughter are visiting in Newcastle, Del., the old home of the family.

The message from Capt. Osterhouse to the father is as follows: "Your son, Midshipman Holcomb, did not return aboard this morning. It is feared that he was in a party of officers that returned from a ball given at the Jamestown Exposition last night in the Minnesota's steam launch, which is missing, and for which search is now going on."

Was High School Graduate.

Midshipman Holcomb is well known in Washington, where he lived many years. He was twenty-two years old last December. He graduated from the Western High School in 1902, and shortly after that was admitted to the Naval Academy. He graduated from Annapolis in September of last year, and was detailed for duty on the Connecticut, to which ship he has been attached ever since.

Franklin Holcomb is the youngest member of the family. He has an older brother living in Philadelphia. First Lieut. Thomas Holcomb, Jr., stationed at Camp Harrington, Williamsburg, Va., and who is the crack rifle shot of the Marine Corps, is also a brother of young Holcomb.

The relatives of the boy still have hopes that the reports have been exaggerated and that news of the rescue of Midshipman Holcomb will reach them at any time. The boy was a comparatively good swimmer, and this adds to the hope which are entertained by members of the family. The father leaves for Norfolk this morning.

Several officers and contractors who were interviewed by the Herald at the accident at Jamestown expressed an opinion at the Army and Navy Club last night that it might have been caused by any of many different mishaps. Some of the officers are of the opinion that the little launch may have been hoisted and drifted gradually and helplessly out to the open sea. While drifting with the tide and at the mercy of the waves, it is thought that the boat may have shipped a sea and gone down with all on board.

As a ditch bag belonging to the launch was found, there is little prospect that the vessel has drifted out to sea. The general belief among men of the navy, however, is that the launch was run down by a large vessel.

FALCONIO AWARDS HONORS.

Apostolic Delegate Officials at Visitation Convent Graduation.

Mgr. Diomedeo Falconio, the apostolic delegate, addressed the graduates of the Visitation Convent at Georgetown Monday afternoon and awarded the graduating medals and diplomas. He was assisted by Rev. David Hillhouse Buel, S. J., president of Georgetown University. The speaker chose his address as his theme, and came out strongly in favor of a higher pursuit of studies by women. Miss Stephanie Moran received the Loretto medal for general excellence and delivered the valedictory.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Wilbert M. Marsh, 21, and Bertha M. Preston, 21, Rev. James H. Blake. Joseph T. Craven, 23, and Alice M. Walters, 21, Rev. T. G. Smith. Solomon Edwards, 33, and Mary Regan, 21, Rev. Leonard F. Fox.

Adams E. Miller, 21, and Bertha M. Preston, 21, Rev. T. G. Smith. Joseph T. Craven, 23, and Alice M. Walters, 21, Rev. T. G. Smith. Solomon Edwards, 33, and Mary Regan, 21, Rev. Leonard F. Fox.

George W. Hagner, 24, and Mabel R. Shepherd, 21, Rev. James H. Blake. Charles E. Roach, 23, and Anna C. Harley, 21, Rev. James H. Blake. William Brown, 23, and Lucy J. Bickler, 21, Rev. J. Luther Frazier.

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ELEVEN ARE LOST

WITH NAVY LAUNCH

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

Naval Academy last February. Midshipmen Stevenson and Field were graduated in 1906.

The records of those lost follow: Midshipman FRANKLIN PORTEOUS HOLCOMB, born in New Castle, Del.; son of Thomas Holcomb, 189 Nineteenth street, Washington, D. C., employed in the office of the Comptroller of the Currency; appointed to the Naval Academy from Maryland; HERBERT LEANDER HOLDEN, born in Chicago, Ill., March 6, 1885; son of Mrs. Susan A. Holden, of Portage, Wis.; appointed to the Naval Academy from Portage by Representative H. C. Adams, of Wisconsin.

Midshipman WALTER CARL ULRICH, born in La Crosse, Wis., April 10, 1881; son of Carl Ulrich, of Milwaukee; appointed to the Naval Academy by Representative Tinschold Otis, of Wisconsin.

Midshipman HENRY CLAY MURPHIN, Jr., born in Jackson, Ohio, January 1, 1885; son of H. C. Murphree, of Jackson, Ohio; appointed to the Naval Academy by Representative Stephen Morgan, of Ohio.

Midshipman WILLIAM HOLLISTER STEVENSON, born in North Carolina;